# June 2024 Midwest Storm and Flooding

#### **USDA NASS Disaster Monitoring Team**





# Event Summary

- Late June 2024: Heavy rainfall across NW Iowa, SW Minnesota, and SE South Dakota from June 20-22 resulted in rainfall totals exceeding 2 inches in most areas with widespread totals ranging from 5-10 inches.
- Some locations in SE South Dakota and NW Iowa reported 10-20 inches of rainfall.
- The event resulted in flash flooding, with record flooding observed at several river points and widespread, devastating floods in towns adjacent to rivers.



#### Report and Image Source: National Weather Service, NOAA

Heavy Rain and Historic Flooding of Northwest Iowa, Southwest Minnesota, and Southeast South Dakota - June 20-22, 2024 (weather.gov)





#### Examples of Flooding in Crop Areas



Website Source Hosting Photos: National Weather Service, NOAA



Davis, SD (Credit: Lukas Potgieter)



South of Alvord, IA (Credit: Dan Gottschalk)



Mountain Lake, MN (Credit: Mountain View Drones)





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#### Soil Moisture Conditions





**Note:** The soil moisture anomaly (SMA) in CropCASMA is a measure of deviation of the current soil moisture value from the "normal" soil moisture level, which is represented by a historical average soil moisture value (from 2015 to current).

Data Source: Soil Moisture Active Passive (SMAP) Surface, 9 KM Anomaly Weekly Map Source: Crop-CASMA (Crop Condition & Soil Moisture Analytics)



40%~50%

50%~70%

# Study Area & Methodology



A disaster assessment was conducted using available Sentinel-1 Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) and cloud-free Sentinel-2 Multi-Spectral Instrument (MSI) coverage to identify likely inundated areas by the flooding events in late June 2024. Inundated areas were then intersected with the 2023 Cropland Data Layer (CDL) to estimate crops potentially affected by the floods within the study area.



**Note:** While inundation to crops may have occurred in other parts of SD, MN, IA, and NE (outside of the area displayed), the disaster assessment could only be conducted where adequate imagery coverage was available during this timeframe.





# Model Inputs: Sentinel-2 MSI & 2023 Cropland Data Layer

**Pre-Event:** Sentinel-2 MSI Median Composite Image (June 1 – July 2, 2023)



**Post-Event:** Sentinel-2 MSI Median Composite Image (June 17 – June 30, 2024)



**Agriculture:** USDA-NASS 2023 Cropland Data Layer



The Sentinel-2 <u>Multispectral Instrument (MSI)</u> is a wide-swath, high-resolution, multi-spectral imaging sensor. Combination of its spectral bands enables a wide range of uses, including the monitoring of vegetation, soil, and water cover. The images above (left, middle) are displayed as False Color Infrared to assist in the identification of water and stressed vegetation (plant-covered land appears deep red, denser plant growth is darker red, and water appears blue or black).



*Note:* Gaps in coverage exist for the study area since only Cloud-Free Sentinel-2 coverage was used in the disaster assessment model.

# Model Input: Sentinel-1 (SAR)





<u>SENTINEL-1 Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR)</u> is an imaging radar mission providing continuous all-weather, day-and-night imagery at C-band. It is used for maritime monitoring, land monitoring, and emergency management applications (to include flood area detection).

**Note:** Sentinel-1 SAR coverage was not available for the entire study area for the needed timeframe. Only available scenes could be used in the disaster assessment model.



# Crop Impact Assessment





| *Crop Type             | **Acres Affected |
|------------------------|------------------|
| Corn:                  | 70,000           |
| Soybeans:              | 46,000           |
| Fallow/Idle Cropland:  | 7,000            |
| Grassland/Pasture:     | 3,000            |
| Alfalfa:               | 2,000            |
| Other Hay/Non-Alfalfa: | 621              |
| Oats:                  | 314              |
| Winter Wheat:          | 207              |
| Rye:                   | 143              |
| Sorghum:               | 95               |
| Spring Wheat:          | 57               |
| Total:                 | 130,000          |

\*Only crop types where assessed inundation was at least fifty acres are listed above.

\*\*Estimated acreage is approximate, rounded to the nearest thousandth for acreage over 1K, and based on analysis using the 2023 Cropland Data Layer (CDL).



The above areas displayed in blue in the geographic reference map *(left)* and overlaid on the CDL *(middle)* are areas assessed as inundated within the overall study area for this disaster assessment. Acreage affected per crop type within the study area are listed in the table above (right). Noted: Estimated acreage reported above is approximate and based on analysis using the 2023 CDL.



#### Select Areas Highlighting Inundated Croplands







# Turner County & Lincoln County, South Dakota





**Inundated Crops** 

Pre-Event: Sentinel-2 Color Infrared (June 10, 2024) Post-Event: Sentinel-2 Color Infrared (June 30, 2024)





#### Clay County, South Dakota



Inundated Crops

Pre-Event: Sentinel-2 Color Infrared (June 10, 2024) Post-Event: Sentinel-2 Color Infrared (June 30, 2024)







# Union County, South Dakota & Plymouth County, Iowa



Inundated Crops

Pre-Event: Sentinel-2 Color Infrared (June 10, 2024) Post-Event: Sentinel-2 Color Infrared (June 30, 2024)







#### Woodbury County, Iowa



Inundated Crops

Pre-Event: Sentinel-2 Color Infrared (June 10, 2024) Post-Event: Sentinel-2 Color Infrared (June 30, 2024)







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#### Monona County, Iowa







Inundated Crops

Pre-Event: Sentinel-2 Color Infrared (June 10, 2024) Post-Event: Sentinel-2 Color Infrared (June 30, 2024)

